



**INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT
MIDDLE SECTION
DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE
THE STRUGGLE FOR INDEPENDENCE**

NAME: _____ **CLASS V SEC:** _____ **ROLL NO:** _____ **DATE:** ____/11/2017

I. FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. The educated Indians realized that removal of outdated _____ and _____ were necessary for the progress of Indian society.
2. The British divided the Indians on the basis of _____.
3. _____ was divided, as the feeling of nationalism was strongest there.
4. During World War I, lakhs of _____ soldiers fought with the British army.
5. The British imposed fresh _____ to recover the losses they suffered in the war.
6. The revolutionaries resorted to _____ means of protest.
7. The opposition of the partition of Bengal was _____ and the British were forced to _____ it.
8. The British became harsher towards the Indians after the _____.

II. NAME THE FOLLOWING:

1. Newspaper started by Bal Gangadhar Tilak- _____
2. Fought against the evils in Indian society- _____
3. Many educated Indians and some Englishmen together formed- _____
4. Declared 'Freedom is my birthright, and I shall have it'- _____
5. Returned to India from South Africa in 1915- _____
6. Rise due to anger in the people against the division of Bengal- _____
7. Leaders who preferred a soft approach towards the British- _____
8. The first session of the Indian National Congress was held in- _____

III. MATCH THE FOLLOWING:

SI.No	COLUMN-A	SI.No	COLUMN-B	ANSWER
1	A Social Reformer	A	Bhagat Singh	1.
2	Extremist	B	Gopal Krishna Gokhale	2.
3	Moderates	C	Dayanand Saraswati	3.
4	Revolutionary	D	Lala Lajpat Rai	4.

IV. IDENTIFY THE FOLLOWING PERSONALITIES:

1.



2.



3.



V. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN TWO POINTS:

1. When was the Indian National Congress formed? What was the main demand of the Indian National Congress in the beginning?
2. Why did Tilak start a newspaper?
3. Who were revolutionaries?

VI. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN THREE POINTS:

4. Who were extremists? How were they different from the moderates?
5. What was the Swadeshi Movement?

VII. ANSWER THE FOLLOWING IN FOUR POINTS:

6. How did the Revolt of 1857 give rise to nationalism in India?
7. What made the British decide to divide Bengal in 1905?

PORTION FOR POST MID-TERM

1. THE AGE OF MACHINES
2. THE UNITED NATIONS



India's oldest political party, the **Indian National Congress** was founded on December 28 in 1885. The party was formed by the members of elite class such as Allan Octavian Hume, a prominent member of the Theosophical Society, Dadabhai Naoroji and Dinshaw Wacha.

